

PHILIPS

sense and simplicity

The energy saving potential of existing
energy efficient lighting

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energy efficient lighting

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Citi's Climatic Consequences Conference

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Forward Looking Statements

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This document contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of Philips and certain of the plans and objectives of Philips with respect to these items, in particular the outlook paragraph in this report. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, levels of consumer and business spending in major economies, changes in consumer tastes and preferences, changes in law, the performance of the financial markets, pension costs, the levels of marketing and promotional expenditures by Philips and its competitors, raw materials and employee costs, changes in exchange and interest rates, changes in tax rates and future business combinations, acquisitions or dispositions and the rate of technological changes, political and military developments in countries where Philips operates and industry consolidation. Statements regarding market share, including as to Philips' competitive position, contained in this document are based on outside sources such as specialized research institutes, industry and dealer panels in combination with management estimates. Where information is not yet available to Philips, those statements may also be based on estimates and projections prepared by outside sources or management. Rankings are based on sales unless otherwise stated.

Use of non-GAAP Information

In presenting and discussing the Philips Group's financial position, operating results and cash flows, management uses certain non-US GAAP financial measures. These non-US GAAP financial measures should not be viewed in isolation as alternatives to the equivalent US GAAP measure(s) and should be used in conjunction with the most directly comparable US GAAP measure(s). A discussion of the non-US GAAP measures included in this document and a reconciliation of such measures to the most directly comparable US GAAP measure(s) are contained in this document.

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Presentation overview

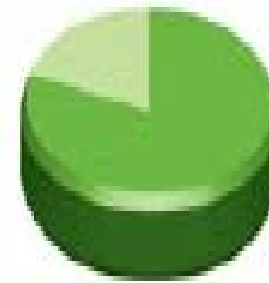
- Opportunity – background facts
- Lighting Solutions, facts and figures
 - General Lighting
 - Street Lighting
 - Office Lighting
 - Home Lighting
- Overcoming barriers
- Supportive policy measures/legislation
- Summary



What is the opportunity – background facts

- Lighting consumes 14% of all electricity within the European Union
- Lighting consumes 19% of all electricity in the world
(source IEA)

Lighting 19%



Other electricity
Uses 81%

Key issues

- Rising energy prices
- Global climate change
- Security of energy supply
- Economic growth

Value proposition = Energy efficient lighting

What is the opportunity – background facts (cont.)

There has been a revolution in lighting technology during the past 10-15 years. Switching the older lighting to the **latest technology** will bring **huge savings** in energy costs and CO2 emissions.

Approximately **2/3** of all lighting currently installed in the European Union is based on **older, less energy efficient technology** (developed before 1970)

Our **current changeover rate** to new lighting technologies is simply **too slow**: e.g. for street lighting the changeover rate is 3% per year, for office lighting 7%.



Energy efficient lighting solutions



For each market an energy efficient lighting solution exists today
75% of all lighting outside the home in the professional sector

| Area of lighting | | Energy savings | | CO ₂ savings per lamp per year |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Street lighting | HPL  | 57%  |  CosmoPolis | 109 kg CO ₂ |
| Retail lighting | Halo  | 80%  |  CDM | 115 kg CO ₂ |
| Office & Industrial lighting | T8  | 61%  |  TL5 | 77 kg CO ₂ |
| Home lighting | GLS *  | 80%  |  CFLi * | 34 kg CO ₂ |
| LEDs | * GLS  | 82%  |  LED | 34 kg CO ₂ |

* GLS = incandescent lamp, CFLi= energy saving lamp

Facts and figures – general lighting (global)

A realistic energy saving of up to 40% on all the lighting currently installed globally would save:

EUR 106 billion in energy costs
This equates to:



590 million tonnes of CO₂



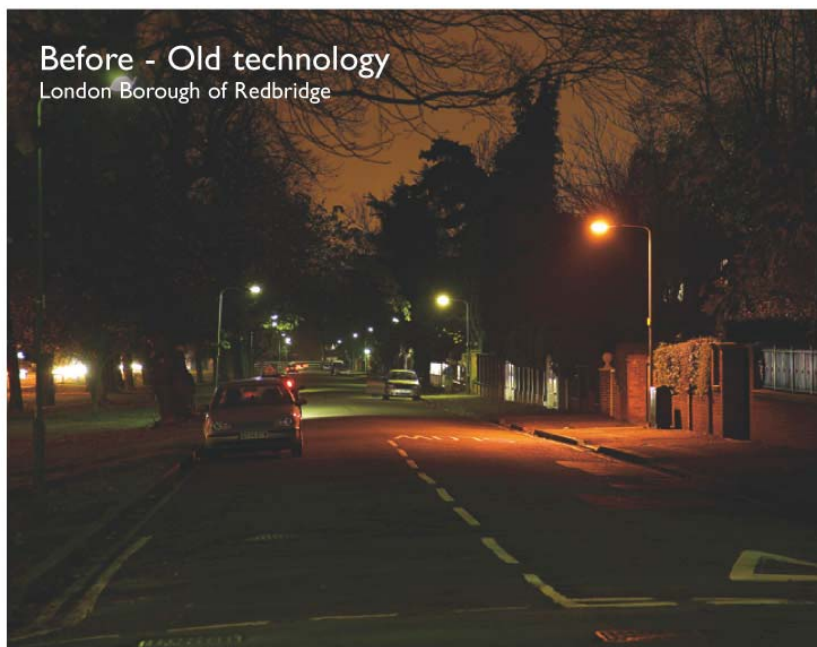
1560 million barrels of oil per year



Annual output of 530 medium sized power stations @
2TWh/yr

Examples –

New technology offers huge energy savings and also means more safety on roads



EU Road Lighting - potential savings 3.5 Million tons of CO₂

Facts and figures – street lighting (EU) (cont.)

- EU City Councils would **save EUR 1.7 billion** (based on 2006 energy prices) in energy costs per year by switching from mercury lamps to the latest road lighting technology such as Ceramic Metal Halide lamps (non-retrofit).
- **This equates to:**



3.5 million tonnes of CO₂

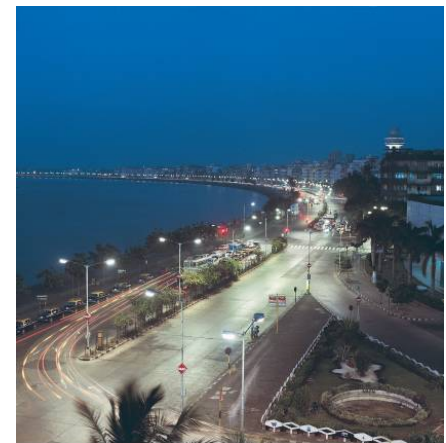


14 million barrels of oil per year

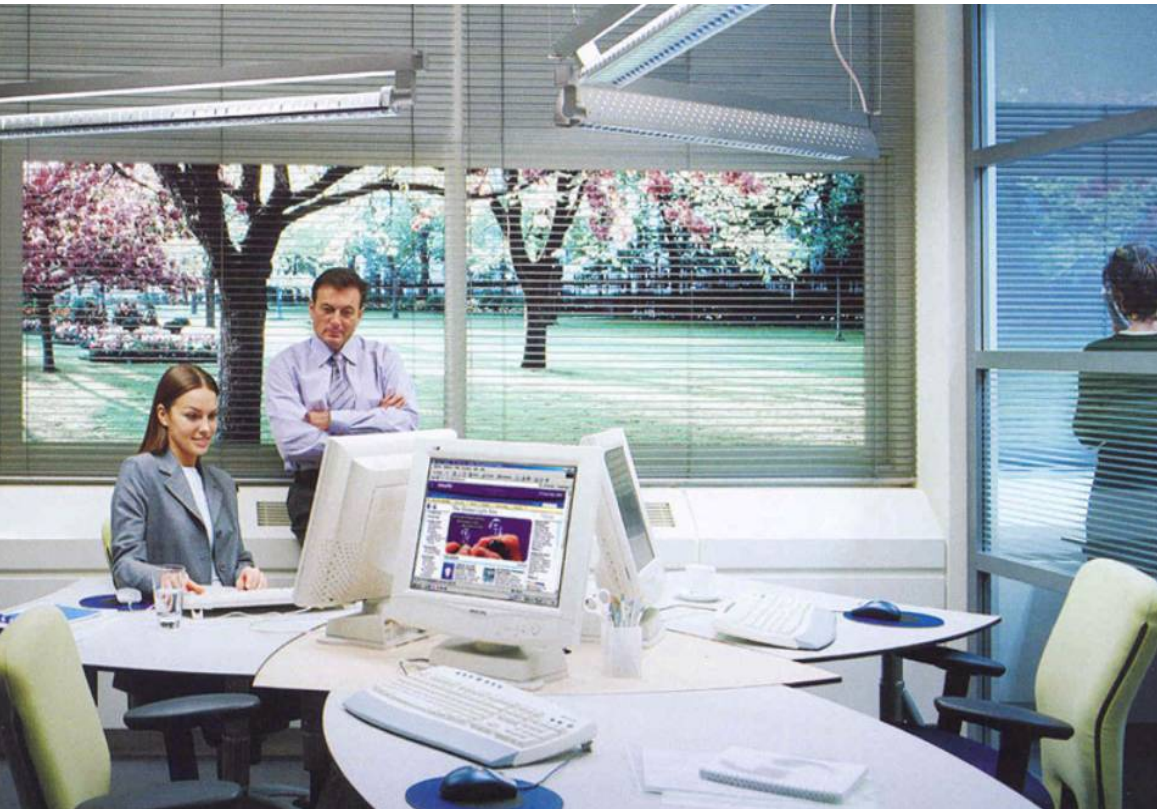


Annual output of 5 power stations @
2TWh/yr

(Figures based on 20% average saving)



Examples - New research on EU office lighting



Less than only 25% of Europe's office lighting is energy efficient

And complies with quality standards for office workers

(EN 12464-1)

Examples - EU lighting in buildings

Old Technology



- Old fluorescent lamps
- Passive Analogue drivers

New technology



- High efficiency TL5 fluorescent lamps
- Active electronic drivers
- Lighting control systems

Energy savings of up to 75% are possible with new lighting technology which also provides better quality light

Facts and figures – lighting in buildings (EU) (cont.)

EU buildings could save 5 billion euros per year in running costs

This equates to:



8 million tonnes of CO₂



Consumption of 29 million barrels of oil per year



Annual output of 10 power stations @ 2TWh/yr

(Figures based on 20% average saving)



Major savings also in:

retail lighting

industrial lighting

floodlighting & sports lighting

security lighting

special lighting

Energy saving opportunities in home lighting

100W incandescent light bulb



Electricity costs per year:
Up to € 15
Average lifetime: 1 year

100W light bulb 1000 hours
per year 0.15 p/kwh

20W Energy saving CFL light bulb



Electricity costs per year:
€ 3
Average lifetime: 8 year

Up to 12 euro saving per year
or € 96, -during 8 years

Energy saving options for home lighting



1. Compact Fluorescent Lamps

- 80% Energy Savings
- Major improvements last few years (size; light; cost; ..)
- Need to balance demand and global industry capacity

2. Energy Saving Halogen

- Up to 50% Energy Savings; high light quality
- Replacement range in launch phase

3. Solid State Lighting (LED`s)

- Currently for decorative replacements
- Today limited but fast improving light output

EU home lighting

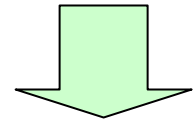
EU27

- Currently approx **2.1 billion** incandescent light bulbs are sold in EU 27 each year
- Installed base **3.6 billion**
- Household penetration CFL lamps in EU approx 15%
- Market adoption CFL slow – although increasing recently

Global

- Global annual incandescent sales volume around 12.5 billion (8 times CFLi)
- Installed incandescent base approximately 15 billion

Two thirds of all lamps volume



within 10 years all (new & available) alternatives can replace installed GLS base

Facts and figures – home lighting (EU) (cont.)

By switching from incandescent light bulbs to other energy saving bulbs
And achieve an average saving of 50% the EU could save:

5-8 Billion Euros per year – This equates to



20 million tonnes of CO₂



Consumption of 74 million barrels of oil per year



Annual output of 25 power stations @ 2TWh/yr



Electricity prices higher for home lighting than
commercial rates

Overcoming barriers

Current rate of
switch over too slow



Acceleration
of renovation



1. Awareness Campaigns (public / private)
2. Policy Measures / deployment (IM`s EUP; NEEAP`s)
3. Partnerships (public / private / NGO`s / utilities)

Supportive policy measures

Suggestions to accelerate market uptake of more efficient products

1. Green Procurement
2. Financial incentives
3. Discouraging inefficient lighting products
4. Environmental performance targets



Upcoming legislation (EU)



1. EUP - Energy Using Products Directive being developed by EU
Will effect Road lighting, Office lighting, Home lighting
2. ESD – Energy Services Directive
The mandatory development of National Energy Efficiency Action Plans (NEEAPS) All EU member states have to submit plan by June 30 2007
3. Update Buildings Directive being planned (EPBD) 2009

Summary



New lighting technology **exists** now, but current adoption rate needs **acceleration** (through renovation programs)

This technology offers a unique **triple win**

1. **Users/tax payers** save costs & have better light quality
2. **The environment** benefits from lower energy/CO₂ emissions
3. **European competitiveness** is strengthened

National energy action plans can play a crucial role in realizing lighting's savings potential, with **role model** behavior for governments and private sector

