Cleaning and disinfection program

Note: Before cleaning and disinfecting the equipment, please read the “Cleaning and Disinfection” section of the Philips “Instruction for Use” carefully to ensure safety and operability.

**Cleaning** program

1. Enameled parts and aluminum surfaces should be wiped clean with a **damp cloth and a mild detergent**, and then rubbed down with a dry woolen cloth. Never use corrosive cleaning agents, solvents, abrasive detergents or polishing agents. Do not use if unsure of the properties of the cleaning agents.

2. Chrome parts should only be cleaned by rubbing down with a **dry woolen cloth**. Do not use abrasive polishes. To preserve the finish, use a non-abrasive wax. Plastic surfaces should only be cleaned with **soap and water**. If you use other cleaners (for example with a high alcohol content), the material will turn dull or tend to crack.

3. **Standard glass cleaning cleaners** can be used to clean the touchscreen (except products containing ammonia). Spray the glass cleaner on a cloth or towel to clean the touch screen. Dirt and fingerprints will not affect properly a sealed AccuTouch or IntelliTouch touch screens. To prevent the touchscreen malfunction, remove liquid droplets after cleaning immediately.

**Disinfection** program

1. The disinfection method used must comply with legal regulations and guidelines on disinfection and explosion protection. Parts of the equipment suitable for such treatment, including accessories and connection cables, can be disinfected with a **cloth dampened with a suitable agent**.

2. **Never use corrosive, solvent-based disinfectants or sterilizing agents.** Do not use if unsure of the properties of the disinfectant or sterilizing agent.

3. **Never use flammable or potentially explosive disinfectant sprays**. Such sprays create vapors, which can ignite, causing fatal or other serious injury. **It is not recommended to disinfect the medical equipment room with sprays**, since the vapor may enter the equipment, causing electrical short circuit, metal corrosion or other damages to the equipment.

4. If disinfection of a medical equipment room is nevertheless performed by means of sprays, the **equipment must first be switched off** and allowed to cool down. This prevents convection currents drawing spray mist into the equipment. The equipment should be completely covered with plastic cover before the spray disinfection. Do not remove the plastic cover until the disinfectant vapor has completely dissipated. Then the equipment itself can continue to be disinfected following the recommendation above. If a spray is used, the operator should ensure that the disinfectant vapor has completely dissipated before switching on the equipment.

Cleaning and disinfection techniques for equipment and examination rooms must comply with all applicable local laws or regulations.

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